



March 2010

NEW HAVEN SCHOOL PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT

- Close the gap between the performance of New Haven students and the rest of the State in 5 years
- Cut the drop-out rate in half
- Ensure that every graduating student has the academic ability and the financial resources to attend and succeed in college

.defining areas of student learning to focus adult actions in the school district, including college success, expressed engagement, completed coursework, demonstrated skills, and tested knowledge

Strategies Reform

Components

Portfolio Management

School performance rating:

- · Define three tiers of schools based on how much they promote student learning
- Assign tiers to 6-8 schools in 2009-10

School turnaround:

- For the lowest performing schools, design turnaround models and recruit providers to support school turnaround
- Implement turnaround for 2-3 schools in 2010-11

Portfolio Management:

- · Depending on school performance, provide appropriate school-based flexibility in work-rules and instructional program (i.e. curriculum, pedagogy, and assessment)
- Ensure highest quality support to schools from central office

Talent

Administrator evaluation & development

- Recraft and clarify administrator evaluation and development process
- Emphasize pipeline and long-term career development of leadership
- Incorporate 360^o feedback from teachers on leadership practices

Teacher evaluation & development

· Ensure clear, professional, and consequential teacher evaluation and development process, including evaluation of teacher impact on student learning, instructional practice, and professional values

Administrator and Teacher Recruitment

 Strengthen recruiting practices to secure the best new talent

Community Investment

Parent engagement

- Launch city-wide Parent Leadership Organization, made up of PTO leadership, to provide input to district
- · Build ways for parents to be involved in their students' education, including SchoolNet access and feedback surveys

Wrap-around

• Ensure that non-academic supports are coordinated and aligned, both in- and outof-school, so that every student is available to focus and learn in the classroom

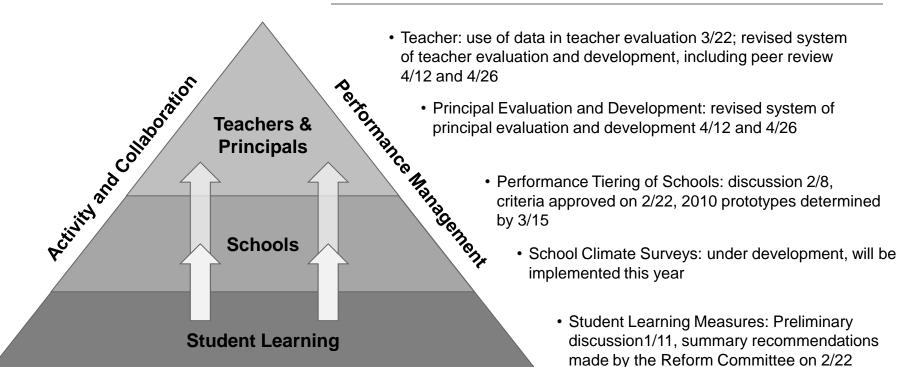
Promise scholarship

 Provide college funding to all residents who graduate from NHPS ready to be successful in college

Board Decision Making on School Change – Informed by Working Committees, and Building Sequentially



Projected Board Decision Making – 3/8/10



All substantive decisions informed by Working Committee discussions and management recommendations

Prototype School Performance Measures



Proposed 2009-2010 School Tiering: 6 to 8 schools selected by the Superintendent, informed by three areas of student learning and several qualitative factors

Student Progress

• Student progress on the CMT, relative to other students with similar academic histories

Student Performance

- Percent of students scoring Proficient and above and Goal and above on standardized assessments
- Rate of enrollment in accredited post-secondary institution (HS)

Student Engagement / School Environment

- · Attendance rate
- Percent of students in K 5th grades rated as competent or highly competent on three Teacher Child Rating Scale indicators: Behavior Control, Task Orientation, and Peer Social Skills

Qualitative Factors

- · Quality of school leadership team
- · Readiness of school team to engage in collaborative planning
- Community and other resources available to support school-level planning efforts

...informs school tiering

Tier I

Consistently high performing across student learning areas

Tier II

Mixed or average performance across student learning areas

Tier III (Improvement and Turnaround)

Consistently low performing across student learning areas

Next Year...

- All NHPS schools will be tiered yearly
- School Performance Measures will be adjusted to incorporate more student learning measures recommended by the Reform
 Committee, state-wide CMT growth comparison, and school climate surveys, as well as lessons learned from prototype
 measures this year

Prototype Elementary/Middle School Performance Measurement

Elementary/Middle School performance is calculated using multiple measures with the established areas of student learning.

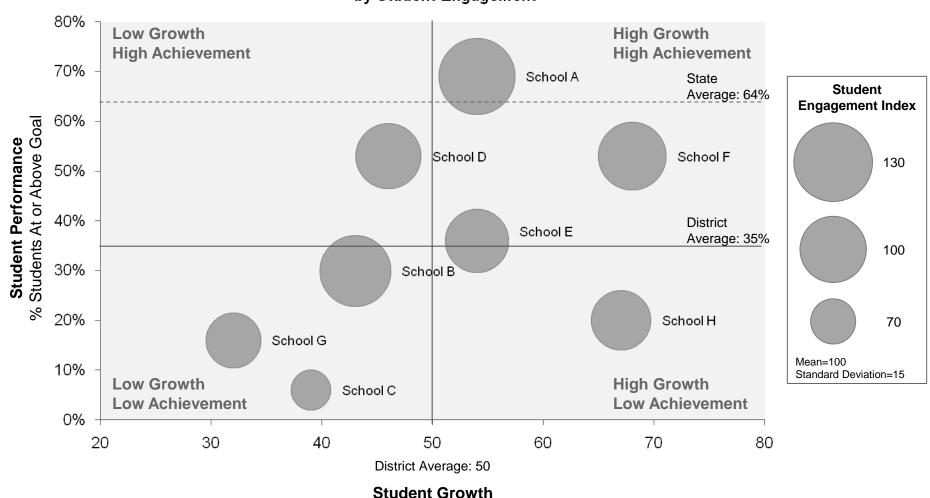
	Student progress	Student Pe	erformance	School Environment / Student Engagement
School Name	Median Student Growth Percentile on CMT	% At or Above Proficient (CMT 3 rd – 8 th Grade)	% At or Above Goal (CMT 3 rd – 8 th Grade)	Elem/Middle School Student Engagement Index (Attendance Rate and TCRS scores)
School A	54	88%	69%	122
School B	43	55%	30%	114
School C	39	28%	6%	64
School D	46	69%	53%	105
School E	54	60%	36%	101
School F	68	76%	53%	109
School G	32	37%	16%	88
School H	67	49%	20%	95
District Average	50	57%	35%	100
State Average	Not Available	80%	64%	Not Available

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Visual Representation of School Performance Measurement







Student Growth

Median Student Growth Percentile

Prototype Student Progress Measure: Median Student Growth Percentile on CMT



Student progress

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School Name	Median Student Growth Percentile on CMT
School A	54
School B	43
School C	39
School D	46
School E	54
School F	68
School G	32
School H	67
District Average	50
State Average	Not Available

Methodology for calculating the overall Median Student Growth Percentile on CMT

- The Median Student Growth Percentile is the median growth percentile of all students in a given school, where the student growth percentile measures individual student growth on the CMT relative to a student's academic peers
- The Student Growth Percentile is calculated based on at least two years of consecutive CMT scores, therefore Median Student Growth Percentile only includes the growth of students who have taken the CMT in the district for at least the past two years
- The overall Median Student Growth Percentile is calculated as the average of each school's reading and math MGSP and the weighted average of 2007-08 MGSP and 2008-09 MGSP, where weighting is allocated as:

2008-09: 2/3 2007-08: 1/3

What does it mean?

The Median Student Growth Percentile describes the growth of students in a school compared to students with similar academic history in other schools in the district. In other words:

- Students in School F grew, on average, as well or better than 68% of schools in the district
- Students in School A and School E both grew, on average, as well or better than a little more than half (54%) of schools in the district

Note: Growth on CMT writing and science are not included in this calculation

Prototype Student Performance Measure: % of Students At or

Above Proficient or Goal on CMT

	Student Performance	
School Name	% At or Above Proficient (CMT 3 rd -8 th Grade)	% At or Above Goal (CMT 3 rd - 8 th Grade)
School A	88%	69%
School B	55%	30%
School C	28%	6%
School D	69%	53%
School E	60%	36%
School F	76%	53%
School G	37%	16%
School H	49%	20%
District Average	57%	35%
State Average	80%	64%

Methodology for calculating overall % of students at or above proficient or goal

- The % of students at or above proficient or goal is the percent of students in grades 3-8 within a given school who scored proficient, goal or advanced (% at or above proficient) or goal or advanced (% at or above goal) on the CMT in a given subject
- The overall % of students at or above proficient or goal is calculated as the average of each school's reading and math percent and the weighted average of 2006-07, 2007-08 and 2008-09 percentages where weighting is allocated as:

2008-09: 1/2 2007-08: 1/4 2006-07: 1/4

What does it mean?

The % of students at or above proficient or goal describes how well students in a school are doing on the academic skills assessed by the CMT. In other words:

 69% of students in School D demonstrate proficient goal, or advanced understanding on their grade level CMT assessment, while 53% demonstrate goal or advanced understanding on their grade level CMT

Prototype School Environment / Student Engagement: Elementary/Middle School Student Engagement Index



Student Engagement/ School Environment

School Name	Elementary/Middle School Student Engagement Index
School A	122
School B	114
School C	64
School D	105
School E	101
School F	109
School G	88
School H	95
District Average	100
State Average	Not Available

Methodology for calculating the Student Engagement Index

- The Elementary/Middle School Student Engagement Index is a composite score of school Attendance Rate and Teacher Child Rating Scale results for each school
- Attendance Rate is the weighted average of the 2006-07, 2007-08 & 2008-09 rates, where weighting is: 2006-07 (25%) 2007-08 (25%) 2008-09 (50%)
- The Teacher Child Rating Scale K-5 teacher survey rates students on key dimensions of behavior and engagement. School TCRS scores are the average of the 2009 TCRS '% of student that are competent or highly competent' on behavior control, task orientation, and peer social skills dimensions
- The index is calculated as the average of the standardized scores for each indicator

What does it mean?

The Student Engagement Index describes how a school is doing on selected student engagement indicators relative to other schools in the district. The index score average is100 and we expect 68% of all school index scores to fall between 85 and115 (16% above 115 and 16% below 85). Schools outside of this range can be interpreted as having particular strength or weakness on the selected indicators. In other words:

• School A has an index score of 122 and is performing in the top 16% of district schools on the selected indicators

Note: TCRS is a relatively subjective measure and therefore may not be used for school performance measurement in future years

Prototype High School Performance Measurement



High School Performance is calculated using multiple measures with the established areas of student learning.

	Student progress	Student Performance		College Success	Student Engagement / School Environment
School Name	Growth Measure TBD	% At or Above Proficient (CAPT)	% At or Above Goal (CAPT)	% of graduates completing first year of college within 2-years after HS	High School Student Engagement Index (Attendance Rate & School Retention)
School 1		60%	18%	51%	123
School 2		59%	20%	47%	112
School 3		65%	17%	68%	95
School 4		45%	9%	57%	77
School 5	TBD	48%	7%	42%	105
School 6		38%	10%	39%	88
School 7		53%	9%	53%	96
School 8		50%	20%	52%	103
District Average		51%	14%	48%	100
State Average	Not Available	78%	48%	Not Available	Not Available

To Be Developed See page 11	See page 12	See page 13
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Prototype Student Performance Measure: % of Students At or

Above Proficient or Goal on CAPT

	Student Performance		
School Name	% At or Above Proficient (CAPT)	% At or Above Goal (CAPT)	
School 1	60%	20%	
School 2	65%	20%	
School 3	59%	17%	
School 4	45%	9%	
School 5	38%	7%	
School 6	48%	10%	
School 7	50%	9%	
School 8	53%	18%	
District Average	51%	14%	
State Average	78%	48%	

Methodology for calculating overall % of students at or above proficient or goal

- The % of students at or above proficient or goal is the percent of students within a given school who scored proficient, goal or advanced (% at or above proficient) or goal or advanced (% at or above goal) on the CAPT in a given subject
- The overall % of students at or above proficient or goal is calculated as the average of each school's reading and math percent and the weighted average of 2006-07, 2007-08 and 2008-09 percentages where weighting is allocated as:

2008-09: 1/2 2007-08: 1/4 2006-07: 1/4

What does it mean?

The % of students at or above proficient or goal describes how well students in a school are doing on the academic skills assessed by the CAPT In other words:

• 59% of students in School 3 demonstrate proficient goal, or advanced understanding on the CAPT assessment, while 17% demonstrate goal or advanced understanding

Prototype College Success: % of Graduates Completing Their First year of College Within 2-years



	College Success
School Name	% of graduates completing first year of college within 2-years after HS graduation
School 1	51%
School 2	47%
School 3	68%
School 4	57%
School 5	42%
School 6	39%
School 7	53%
School 8	52%

Methodology for calculating the college success indicator

- The % of graduates completing first year of college within 2-years is the percent of students who enroll in college in the first year after graduation and return for their second year.
- For school performance measurement the indicator is calculated based on a weighted average:

Class of 2008:1/2 Class of 2007: 1/4 Class of 2006: 1/4

- Data for calculating this indicator is based on information provided by the National Student Clearinghouse, nonprofit organization focused on maintaining student higher education enrollment and degree verification
- The National Student Clearinghouse maintains records on 92% of total U.S. enrollment in higher education and we expect an approximately 85% match rate for New Haven public school graduates

What does it mean?

District Average

State Average

The % of graduates completing first year of college within 2-years describes the proportion of student who enroll in college within the first year after graduation and then return for their second year.

48%

Not Available

Prototype Student Engagement / School Environment: High School Student Engagement Index



Student Engagement / School Environment

School Name	High School Student Engagement Index (Attendance Rate & School Retention Rate)
School 1	123
School 2	112
School 3	95
School 4	77
School 5	105
School 6	88
School 7	96
School 8	103
District Average	100
State Average	Not Available

Methodology for calculating the Student Engagement Index

- The High School Student Engagement Index is a composite score of school Attendance Rate and School Retention Rate results for each school
- Attendance Rate is calculated as the % of Days Attended
- Preliminary School Retention Rate is calculated as the '#
 of students leaving a school in a year*/# of students
 enrolled in a school in a year'
- Attendance and School Retention Rate is the weighted average of the 2006-07, 2007-08 & 2008-09 rates, where weighting is:

2006-07 (25%) 2007-08 (25%) 2008-09 (50%)

 The index calculated as the average of the standardized scores for each indicator

What does it mean?

The Student Engagement Index describes how a school is doing on selected student engagement indicators relative to other schools in the district. The index score average is100 and we expect 68% of all school index scores to fall between 85 and115 (16% above 115 and 16% below 85). Schools outside of this range can be interpreted as having particular strength or weakness on the selected indicators. In other words:

School A has an index score of 123 and is performing in the top 16% of NHPS schools on the selected indicators

School Performance Measures – Areas for Development



Areas for further development

Student Progress and Performance

- Addition of statewide CMT student growth data
- Development of growth metric for high school
- Exploration of additional learning measures recommended by the Reform Committee, including performance assessments and enhanced district assessments

College Success

Verification of National Student Clearinghouse data

Student Engagement and School Environment

- Inclusion of parent, teacher and student School Climate Survey results, to be conducted this Spring
- Further development of student engagement measures, including refinement of dropout calculations used for the district and the state